- (1) The eligibility requirements of §151.37; and
- (2) The submission of a single project application, executed by each sponsor, clearly stating the certifications, representations, warranties, and obligations made or assumed by each, or a separate application by each that does not meet all the requirements of subparts B and C if in the Administrator's opinion, the applications collectively meet the requirements of subparts B and C as applied to a project with a single sponsor.
- (b) A public agency that desires to participate in a project only by contributing funds to a sponsor need not become a sponsor or an agent of the sponsor, as provided in this section. However, any funds that it contributes are considered as funds of the sponsor for the purposes of the Federal Airport Act and this part.
- (c) If the sponsors of a joint project are not each willing to assume, jointly and severally, the obligations that subparts B and C requires a sponsor to assume, they must send a true copy of an agreement between them, satisfactory to the Administrator, to be incorporated into the grant agreement. Each agreement must state—
- (1) The responsibilities of each sponsor to the others with respect to accomplishing the proposed development and operating and maintaining the airport;
- (2) The obligations that each will assume to the United States; and
- (3) The name of the sponsor or sponsors who will accept, receipt for, and disburse grant payments.

If an offer is made to the sponsors of a joint project, as provided in §151.29, it contains a specific condition that it is made in accordance with the agreement between the sponsors (and the agreement is incorporated therein by reference) and that, by accepting the offer, each sponsor assumes only its respective obligations as set forth in the agreement.

(d) A public agency may, if it is authorized by local law, act as agent of the public agency that is to own and operate the airport, with or without participating financially and without becoming a sponsor. The terms and conditions of the agency and the

agent's authority to act for the sponsor must be set forth in an agency agreement that is satisfactory to the Administrator. The sponsor must submit a true copy of the agreement with the project application. Such an agent may accept, on behalf of the sponsor, an offer made under §151.29, only if that acceptance has been specifically and legally authorized by the sponsor's governing body and the authority is specifically set forth in the agency agreement.

(e) When the cosponsors of an airport are not located in the same area, they must submit a joint request to the Area Manager of the area in which the airport development will be located.

[Doc. No. 1329, 27 FR 12351, Dec. 13, 1962, as amended by Amdt. 151–8, 30 FR 8040, June 23, 1965; Amdt. 151–11, 31 FR 6686, May 5, 1966]

§ 151.35 Airport development and facilities to which subparts B and C apply.

- (a) Subparts B and C applies to the following kinds of airport development:
- (1) Any work involved in constructing, improving, or repairing a public airport or part thereof, including the constructing, altering, or repairing of only those buildings or parts thereof that are intended to house facilities or activities directly related to the safety of persons at the airport.
- (2) Removing, lowering, relocating, marking, and lighting of airport hazards as defined in §151.39(b).
- (3) Acquiring land or an interest therein, or any easement through or other interest in air space, that is necessary to allow any work covered by paragraph (a)(1) or (2) of this section, or to remove or mitigate, or prevent or limit the establishment of, airport hazards as defined in §151.39(b).

It does not apply to the constructing, altering, or repair of airport hangars or public parking facilities for passenger automobiles.

- (b) The airport facilities to which subparts B and C applies are those structures, runways, or other items, on or at an airport, that are—
- (1) Used or intended to be used, in connection with the landing, takeoff, or maneuvering of aircraft, or for or in connection with operating and maintaining the airport itself; or

§ 151.37

- (2) Required to be located at the airport for use by the users of its aeronautical facilities or by airport operators, concessionaires, and other users of the airport in connection with providing services or commodities to the users of those aeronautical facilities.
- (c) For the purposes of subparts B and C, "public airport" means an airport used for public purposes, under the control of a public agency named in §151.37(a), with a publicly owned landing area.

[Doc. No. 1329, 27 FR 12351, Dec. 13, 1962, as amended by Amdt. 151–8, 30 FR 8040, June 23, 1965]

§151.37 Sponsor eligibility.

To be eligible to apply for an individual or joint project for development with respect to a particular airport a sponsor must—

- (a) Be a public agency, which includes for the purposes of this part only, a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam or an agency of any of them; a municipality or other political subdivision; a tax-supported organization; or the United States or an agency thereof;
- (b) Be legally, financially, and otherwise able to—
- (1) Make the certifications, representations, and warranties in the application form prescribed in §151.67(a);
- (2) Make, keep, and perform the assurances, agreements, and covenants in that form; and
- (3) Meet the other applicable requirements of the Federal Airport Act and subparts B and C;
- (c) Have, or be able to obtain, enough funds to meet the requirements of §151.23; and
- (d) Have, or be able to obtain, property interests that meet the requirements of §151.25(a).

For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this section, the United States, or an agency thereof, is not eligible for a project under subparts B and C, unless the project—

- (1) Is located in Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, or Guam;
- (2) Is in or is in close proximity to a national park, a national recreation area, or a national monument; or

(3) Is in a national forest or a special reservation for United States purposes.

[Doc. No. 1329, 27 FR 12351, Dec. 13, 1962, as amended by Amdt. 151–8, 30 FR 8040, June 23, 1965]

§151.39 Project eligibility.

- (a) A project for construction or land acquisition may not be approved under subparts B and C unless—
- (1) It is an item of airport development described in §151.35(a);
- (2) The airport development is within the scope of the current National Airport Plan:
- (3) The airport development is, in the opinion of the Administrator, reasonably necessary to provide a needed civil airport facility;
- (4) The Administrator is satisfied that the project is reasonably consistent with existing plans of public agencies for the development of the area in which the airport is located and will contribute to the accomplishment of the purposes of the Federal-aid Airport Program;
- (5) The Administrator is satisfied, after considering the pertinent information including the sponsor's statements required by §151.26(b), that—
- (i) Fair consideration has been given to the interest of all communities in or near which the project is located; and
- (ii) Adequate replacement housing that is open to all persons, regardless of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin, is available and has been offered on the same nondiscriminatory basis to persons who have resided on land physically acquired or to be acquired for the project development and have been or will be displaced thereby;
- (6) The project provides for installing such of the landing aids specified in section 10(d) of the Federal Airport Act (49 U.S.C. 1109(d)) as the Administrator considers are needed for the safe and efficient use of the airport by aircraft, based on the category of the airport and the type and volume of its traffic.
- (b) Only the following kinds of airport development described in §151.35(a) are eligible to be included in a project under subparts B and C:
- (1) Preparing all or part of an airport site, including clearing, grubbing filling and grading.